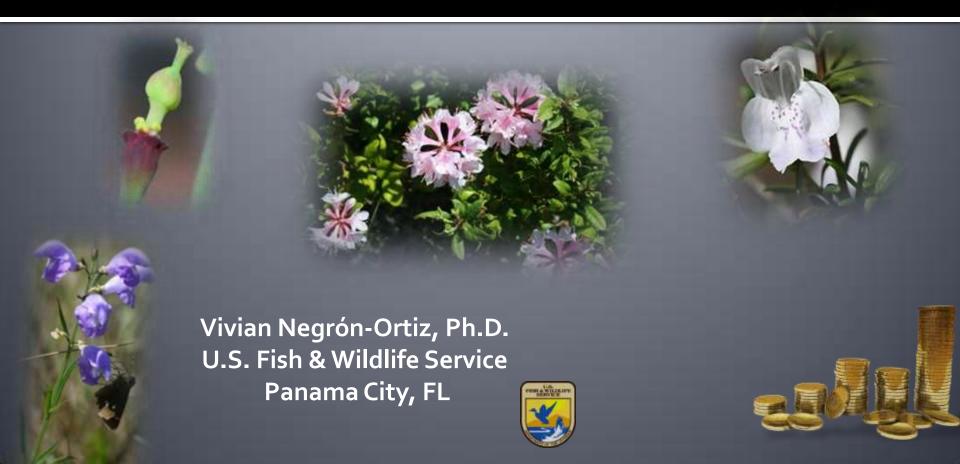


Visibility of plants under the Endangered Species Act: Causes and Implications



Are Plants inadequately protected under the ESA?

Listing

Plant blindness...?

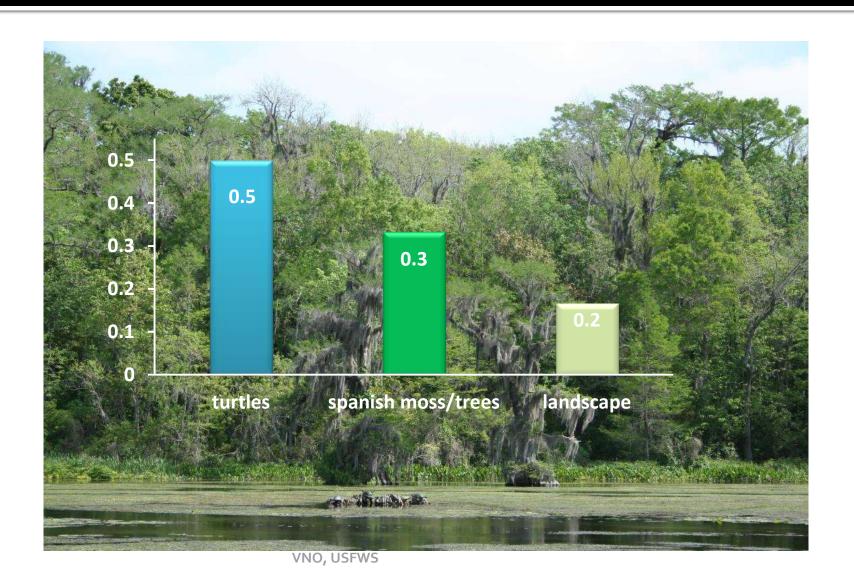
Blindness Facts

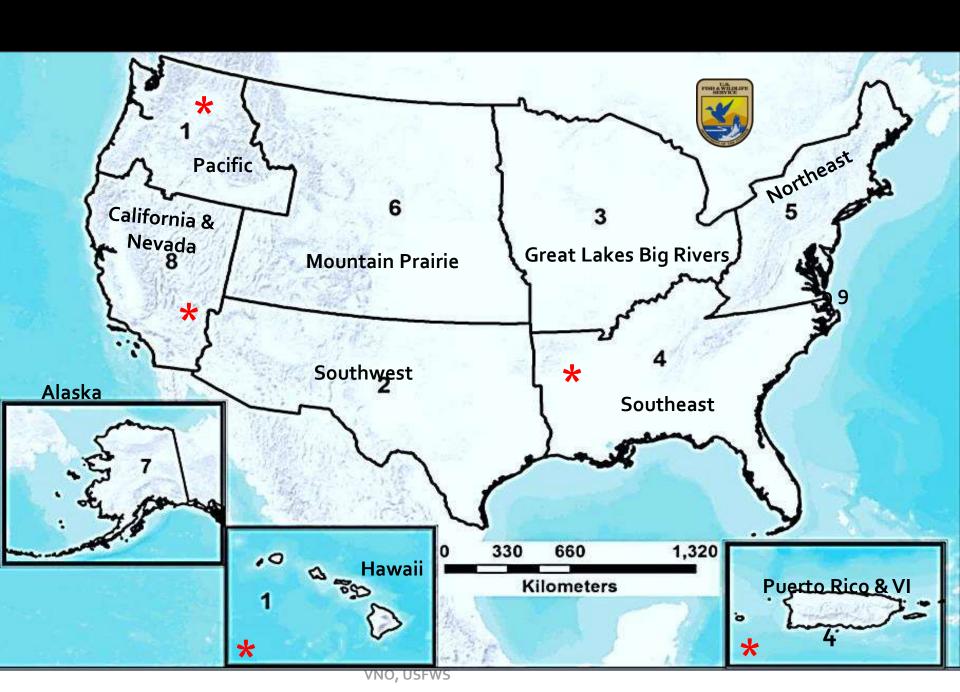
Recovery

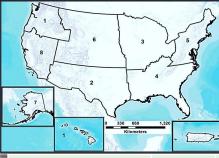
What can be done?

\$\$\$ spending

What do you see?







Total

No. of Federally Listed species / Group / Region (R)

1 Kilometers									
Groups	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	Total
Amphibians	1	11	1	8	2	1		11	35
Arachnids	1	10		1					12
Birds	48	10	2	21	3	1	4	11	100
Clams		1	10	71	7				89
Crustaceans	2	5	1	6	5			8	27
Fishes	6	28	3	38	4	12		28	119
Plants	421	<i>57</i>	16	166	15	37	1	188	901
Insects	26	9	6	6	2	3		24	76
Lichens				2					2
Mammals	13	13	4	17	3	6	3	18	76
Reptiles	4	4	1	25	2			7	43
Snails	15	12	2	16	3	1		1	50

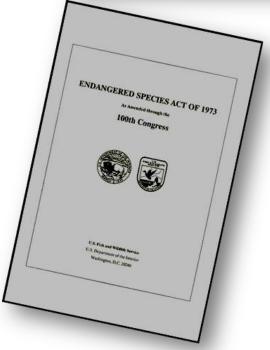
The Federal Endangered Species Act (16 USC 1531 et seq.) recognizes that rare species of

"...fish, wildlife, and plants are of aesthetic, ecological, educational, historical, recreational, and scientific value to the Nation and its people"

...but...

Endangered Species Act







VNO, USFWS

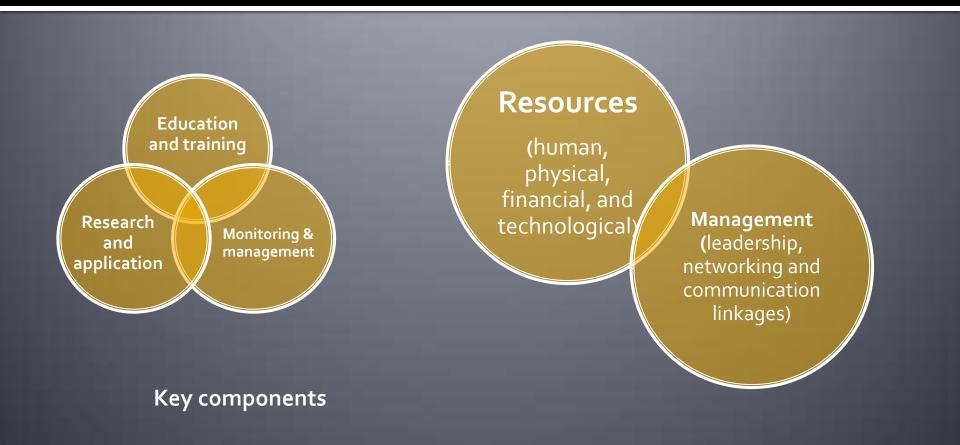


ESA prohibitions: Plants vs. Animal

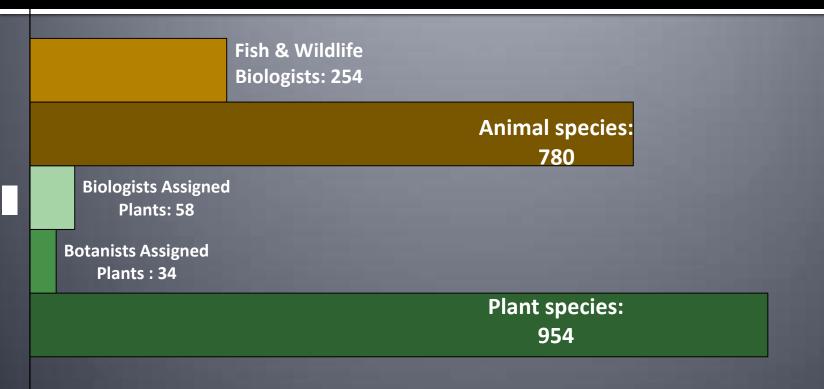
Prohibitions	Animals	Plants Endangered	Plants Threatened
Import or export (into, out of, or through the U.S.)	illegal	illegal	illegal
Engage in interstate or foreign commerce	illegal	illegal	illegal
Remove and reduce to possession from Federal property	illegal	illegal	illegal
Maliciously damage or destroy on Federal property	illegal	illegal	
Remove, cut, dig up, damage, or destroy on private property in violation of any law or regulation of any state including state criminal trespass law	illegal	illegal	
Remove, cut, dig up, damage, or destroy on private property (TAKE)	illegal		

Botanical capacity

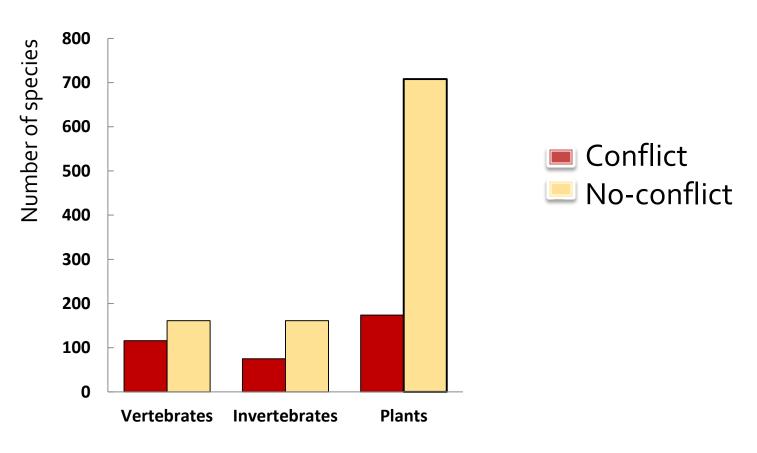
Sensu: Kramer, A.T., B. Zorn-Arnold, and K. Havens. 2010. Assessing botanical capacity to address grand challenges in the United States.



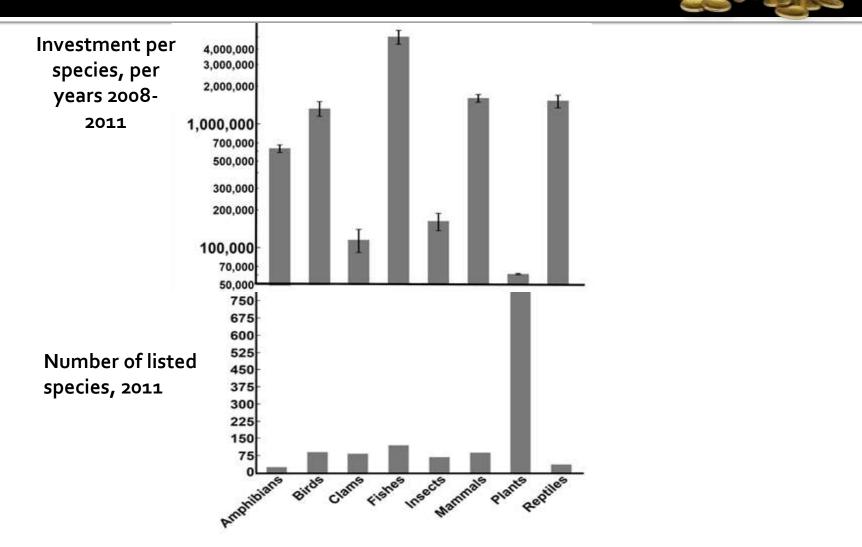
US FWS personnel, 2014



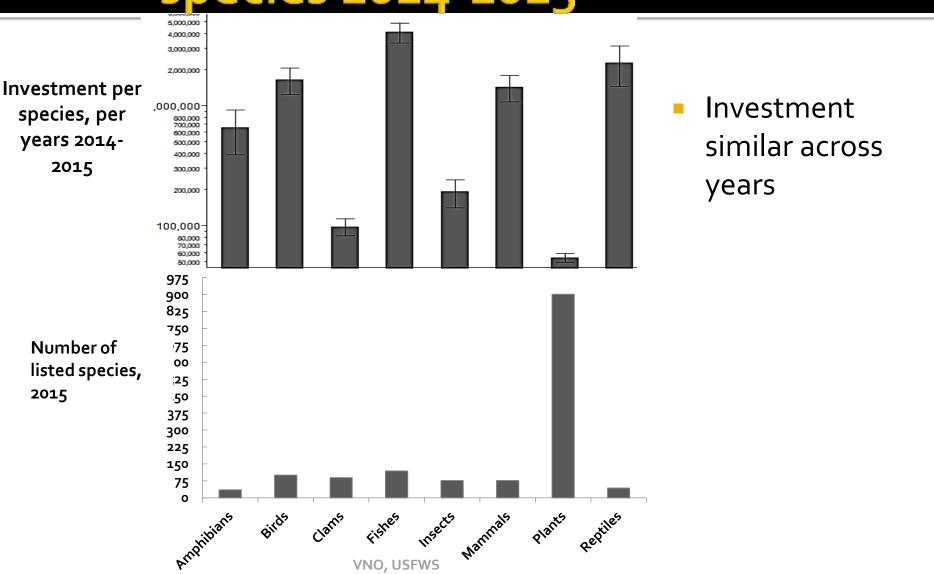
T & E species in 'conflict' with development vs. no-conflict



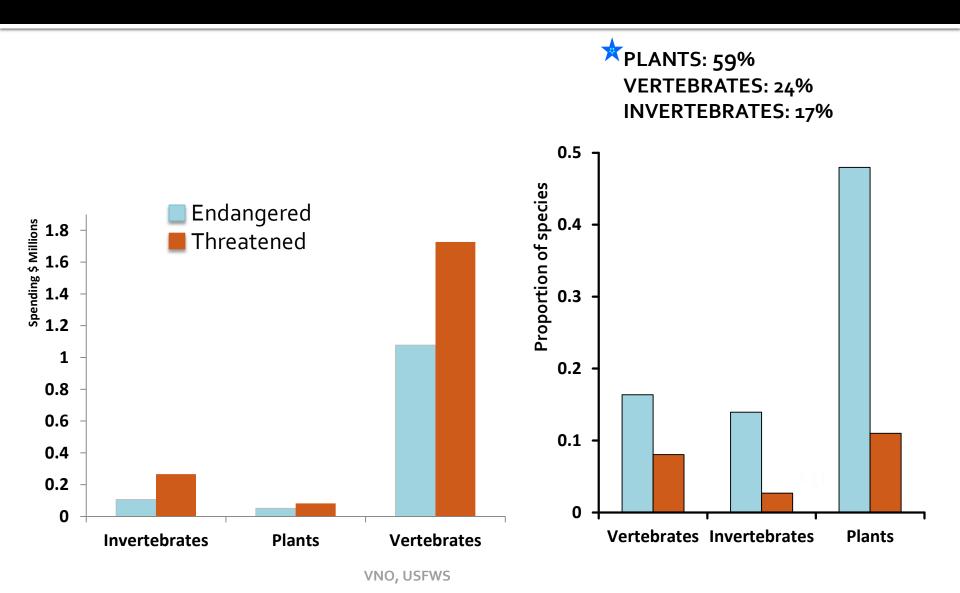
Spending for recovery of federally listed species



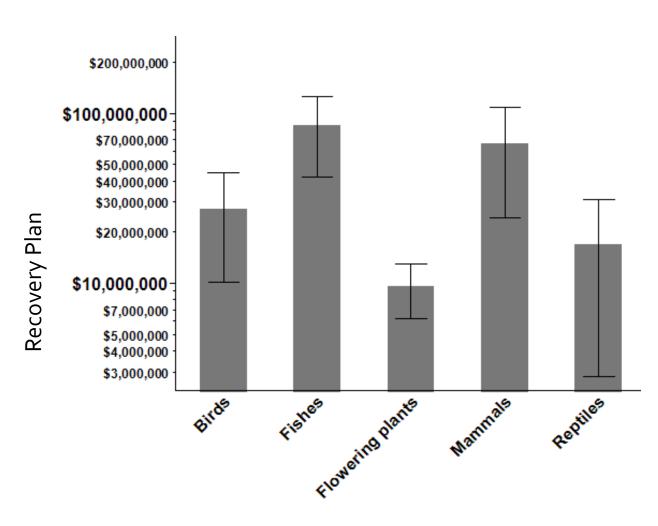
Investment per species 2014-2015



2015 Spending/species...



Cost to recover a species



Summary points



Lack of financial support	Private land: unequal protection	Limited botany staffing	Implications
X	X	х	Imperiled plants disappearing from public / private lands
X	X	X	Decision-makers not aware / informed about botanical issues
X		Х	Research, protection, & conservation: minimal
	×	X	Unequal implementation of species conservation protection
	X		Low priority with agency managers



What Can be Done to Influence Reform

At local, regional, and national levels?

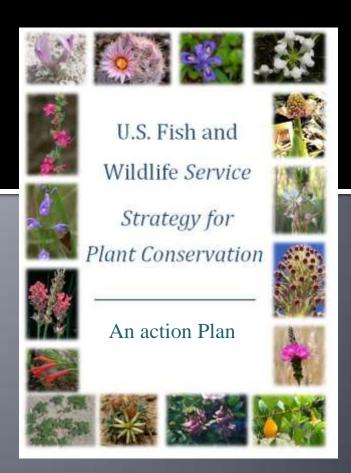
developed to improve and accelerate conservation of imperiled plant species, 2012

Improve baseline botanical knowledge of rare plant species within the Service.

Emphasize the need for botanical capacity.

Provide financial support for the implementation of the objectives and actions.

Broaden the Service's plant conservation message within and outside the agency through directed outreach and communications.



The role of education as a Tool



Educate non-majors and the public to engage in lifelong appreciation of plants



- help achieve conservation
 - Improve baseline data
- developing the next generation of conservationists







Work with partners to improve funding opportunities



Florida Rare Plant Conservation Endowment

- US Fish and Wildlife
 Service and
 Conservation
 Specialists
 For all Florida
- Imperiled plants (>500 plants)
 Initiated Sept 2015-
- Initiated Sept 2015ongoing























- coordinated by the Atlanta Botanical Garden's Center for Southeastern Conservation
 - and co-sponsored by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S.D.A.
 Forest Service, National Wildlife Refuge Association, Georgia
 Department of Natural Resources, and the Georgia Plant Conservation Alliance.

- bring together government agencies, land managers, botanical gardens, university programs, and botanical experts
 - Inform best practices and topics relevant to rare plant conservation
 - Form a cohesive network of resources to support regional efforts for at-risk & listed plant species in the Southeastern U.S.

Are Plants inadequately protected under the ESA?

English Common <u>Law</u>

Zoo-centric culture

Listing

Capacity

\$\$\$ spending

Recovery

Plant blindness...?



What can be done?

To Influence Reform

We need to keep educating students, the public, other scientists, and decision-makers of the essential nature of plants.

Plants are essential to our lives, wildlife, climate — and to future initiatives / research in the U.S.